Certificate of Incorporation

No. 3429 of 1941-42.

I hereby certify that Jamod Ginning Company
Private Limited is this day incorporated under the Indian
Companies' Act, VII of 1913, and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at Bombay this Twenty-fourth day of September One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-one.

Seal of the Registrar of Companies, MAHARASHTRA

(Sd.) Behramji M. Modi, Registrar of Companies. No. 3429

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF ORDER OF C.L.B. BENCH CONFIRMING ALTERATION OF OBJECTS

(Section 18 (1) of Companies Act, 1956)

The JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

having by Special Resolution altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and such alterations having been confirmed by an order of

THE COMPANY LAW BOARD WESTERN REGION BENCH, BOMBAY made in

COMPANY PETITION NO. 134 (17) CLB-WR OF 1977

bearing Dated the 20TH DAY OF MARCH, 1978

I hereby certify that certified copy of the said order together with the printed copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Bombay this TWENTYTHIRD

day of JUNE . One thousand nine hundred

Seal of the Registrar of Companies, MAHARASHTRA

and SEVENTY EIGHT

Sd/-(V.M. Godbole) Asstt. Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Bombay. No. 11 - 3429

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

In the matter of JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, Notification No. G.S.R. 507E dated the 24th June 1985 the change of name of the Company.

from JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

to BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED

and I hereby certify that JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on TWENTY FOURTH day of Sept. 1941 under the Companies Act, 1913 and under the name JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 the name of the said Company is this day changed to BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED. and this certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23 (1) of the said Act/

Given under my hand at MUMBAI this Eighth day of October one thousand nine hundred ninety eight

Seal of the Registrar of Companies, MAHARASHTRA (Y. M. Deolikar)
Add. Registrar of Companies
'Maharashtra, Mumbai.

No.11-3429

(Section 18(1) of the Companies Act. 1956)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED FOR ALTERATION OF OBJECTS 8

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BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED

having by Special Resolution passed on 29/12/2004

altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association;

With respect to its objects, and a copy of the said resolution having been filed with this office on 31/12/2004

I hereby certify that the Special Resolution passed on 29/12/2004 together with the printed copy

of the Memorandum of Association, as altered, has this day

Given under my hand at MUMBAI

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been registered.

(M.V.CHAKRANARAYAN)

DEPUTY REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI FRESH CERTIFICA TE OF INCORPORATION
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME
IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES,
MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAL

In the matter of

BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under section 21 of the Companies

Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of

Company Affairs, Notification No. G.S.R. 557E dated the 24th June 1985

the change of name of the Company:

from BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED

to BIRLA COTSYN (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

and I hereby certify that

BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED

which was originally incorporated on TWENTYFOURTH day of
SEPTEMBER 1941 under the Companies Act, 1913 and under the name

JAMOD GINNING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED.

having duly passed necessary resolution in terms of section 21 of the Companies

Act, 1956 the name of the said Company is this day changed to

BIRLA COTSYN (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

and this certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this NINTH day of DECEMBER,

TWO THOUSAND FIVE



(M. V. CHAKRANARAYAN)

Dy. Registrar of Companies,

Maharashtra, Mumbai.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

Maharashtra. Mumbai

Everest, 100, Marine Road, , Mumbai - 400002, Maharashtra. !NDIA

Corporate Identity Number: U17110MH1941PLC003429

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name on Conversion to Public Limited Company

IN THE MATTER OF M/s BIRLA COTSYN (INDIAO PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby certify that BIRLA COTSYN (INDIAO PRIVATE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on TWENTY FOURTH day of SEPTEMBER NINETEEN FORTY ONE under the Companies Act. 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) as BIRLA AGRO PRIVATE LIMITED having duly passed the necessary resolution on 13/03/2006 in terms of Section 31/21 read with Section 44 of the Companies Act, 1956; the name of the said company is this day changed to BIRLA COTSYN (INDIAO LIMITED and this Certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this THIRTIETH day of MAY TWO THOUSAND SIX.

A TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH

ANH. Registrar of Companies Maharashtra, Mumbai

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BIRLA COTSYN (INDIA) LIMITED

- 1. The name of the Company is Birla Cotsyn (India) Limited
- 2. The Registered Office of The Company will be situated in the Province of Bombay.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are :
 - (1) To carry on at any place or places in India (including Native States) all or any of the following business and either alone or jointly with any other person, firms or Joint Stock Company viz:
 - (a) The business of ginning and / or cleaning kapas seed cotton and wool and pressing and packing cotton, wool and other substance by steam, Hydraulic, hand or other machinery.
 - (b) The business of buying and selling either on account of the Company or on account of or for any other person, firm or Company as commission agents or pakka adatais, ginned or ungined, pressed, or unpressed, cleaned or uncleaned cotton and of separating cotton from the seed and of ginning cotton.
 - (c) The business of advancing money on cotton or kappas brought into the Company's factories for the purpose of ginning or pressing or entrusted to the Company for sale.
 - (2) To well consign or ship for sale either in India or in and to any country cotton or cotton seeds thereof.
 - (a) To carry on the business of extracting oil from cotton seeds, groundnuts or any other kind of oil seeds and processing and refining thereof.
 - (b) To buy sell, distribute, export, import or otherwise deal in all kinds of oils and oil seeds.
 - (c) To buy sell, import, export and otherwise deal in Guar Gum Powder, refined double guar (split) and guar meal.
 - (d) To buy sell, export and import and otherwise deal in India or abroad in fire fighting hoses and other fire fighting equipments.
 - * (3) To carry on the business as manufacturers, processors, spinners, weavers, knitters, ginners, pressers, packers, doublers, balers, buyers' balers, buyers' exporters, importers, stockists, dealers, traders, commission agents and fabricators in all kinds of cotton, jute, flex, hemp, silk, raw silk, artificial silk, wool, rayon, nylon, terylene polyster, rexine, synthetic yarn, synthetic fibre, staplefibre and any other natural, synthetic or man made fibre and blends or fibrous substances and materials, textiles, fabrics and yarns, of all kinds whether made from cotton, wool, silk, raw silk, jute, hemp, rayon, artificial silk, nylon, terylene and any other natural synthetic or man made fibre and blends of fibrous substances and materials.

- * (4) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in linen and other to carry on the business of wool combers, worsted spinners, worsted stuff manufacturers, drapers, printers, dyers, bleachers, sizers, weavers, dress makers, finishers, madeups, home textiles and ready made garments, home furnishing and made-up items, bed-linen, comforters, quilts, rugs, carpets, coverlets, towels, napkins, handkerchiefs, stitching, tailoring, texturing, combing, testing, reeling, double mixing, processing of all fabrics and other textiles such as sarees, dress outfitters and hosiery goods whether made of cotton, nylon, polyster, silk, art silk, rayon wool, linen, jute, hemp, viscose, jari, thread or feathers, hem fibres and any to be developed in future whether natural or artificial fibres.
- * (5) To carry on all or any of the business of wholesalers, dealers and retailers either by setting up Company owned retail outlets or by issuance of franchise rights or by any other mode to buy, sell or otherwise deal in drapers, dress material, made-ups, home textiles and ready made garments, home furnishing and made-up items, bed-linen, comforters, quilts, rugs, carpets, coverlets, towels, napkins, handkerchiefs, of all fabrics and other textiles such as sarees, dress outfitters and hosiery goods whether made of cotton, nylon, polyster, silk, art silk, rayon wool, linen, jute, hemp, viscose, jari, thread or feathers, hem fibres and any to be developed in future whether natural or artificial fibres.
- (6) To acquire and take over, and work upon such terms in all respects as the Company shall deem expedient, the whole or any part of the undertaking, assets, rights or liabilities of any person (which last mentioned word shall in this memorandum be deemed to include words "Firm or Company" where the context admits) owing any business authorised to be carried on the Company or possed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.
- (7) To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, or hire or otherwise, factories, mills, building, shops, offices, warehouses, works generally, plant, machinery live and dead stock and other chattels and effects and generally real and personal property of any kind, or easements rights or privileges in relation thereto which the Company may deem advantageous or desirable for the purpose of or in connection with its business and to sell, let or otherwise deal in or dispose of the same.
- (8) To re-sell from time to time cotton, fibres, seeds materials, machinery, plant, stores and other articles and things as the Directors may think proper.
- (9) To remove all or any of the machinery, plant and stores of the Company for the time being in or upon any land, buildings or premises of the company wheresoever situate.
- (10) To sell exchange or lease the whole or any part of the land or other immovable property for the time being belonging to the Company and to take back the same on lease or re-purchase for such price or prices and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon.
- (11) To construct, enlarge, alter remove or replace or to assist in so doing any buildings or erections of any kind, factories, mills works reservoirs, roads, ways, machinery, or other works or plant of any kind, and to maintain, improve and manager the same or assist in so doing and to make money contribution and to do all other things necessary or desirable in connection with any of the aforesaid matters.

- (12) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, or as the whole or part consideration for any contract or transaction, and hold, sell, mortgage or deal with the shares, stock or securities of, any interest in any other company or body where the acquisition or holding thereof or the contract or transaction in connection with which the same was or were taken, seems advantageous or desirable.
- (13) (a) To carry on in India or else where business as merchants on its own account and/or as agents or brokers in Seeds, Grains, Sugar, Cotton, Jute, Gunnies, Hessian, bullion yarn, piece goods hosiery, silk minerals, meals machinery hardware stores and generally in all kinds of produce commodities and articles, whether manufactured or otherwise.
 - (b) To import, export, manipulate, prepare for market and deal in merchandise and produce of all kinds and generally to carry on business as importers and exporters.
 - (c) To purchase, charter, hire or otherwise acquire any steam and other ships or vessels and aeroplanes.
 - (d) To construct, purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire any lightrailways or tramways, locomotives, carriages, trucks, automobiles and conveyances of all description by land, water or air.
- (14) To carry on the business of iron founders, mechanical engineers, and manufacturers of agricultural implements and other machinery, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, machinists, iron and steel converters, smith, wood workers, builders, painters, metallugists, electrical engineers, water supply engineers, gas makers, carriers, and merchants and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery implements, rolling stock and hardware and stores of all kinds.
- (15) To carry on any business relating to the winning and working of minerals, the production and working of metals and the production, manufacture, and preparation of any other materials which may be usefully or conveniently combined with engineering, manufacturing or trading business of the Company or any contracts undertaken by the Company, and either for the purpose only of such contracts or as an independent business.
- (16) To undertake and execute any contracts for, the supply or use of (and/or works involving the supply or use of) any machinery and/or stores and to carry out any ancillary or other works comprised in such contracts.
- (17) To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market, and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus tools, utensils, substances, stores, hardware, materials and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above specified business or processes.
- (18) To act as commission agents for the purpose of sale or purchase of any merchandise and produce.
- (19) To obtain and/or hold the office of and/or to act managing agents, managers, brokers, agents, secretaries and treasurers of any trading or manufacturing company, corporation or concern, or of any other joint stock company.

- (20) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for nay of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.
- (21) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorised to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to take, subscribe for or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same.
- (22) To acquire from any supreme, municipal, local or other Government or Authority or from any body or person any concession, charter, contract, right or privilege which may deem desirable for the furtherance of any object of the company and to make any arrangement which may seem desirable for the last named purpose with any such Government, Authority, body or person and to comply with, sell or otherwise turn to account any such concession, charter, contract, right or privilege.
- (23) To lend money to such persons, firms or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient in the company's interest and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the company.
- (24) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the company's property (both present and future), including its uncalled capital to purchase, redeem, or pay of any such securities.
- (25) To sell improve, manage, work, develop exchange, lease mortgage, charge, hypothecate, enfranchise, dispose of turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company.
- (26) To carry on any other business (manufacturing, trading or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly, to enchance the value of any of the company's property and rights for the time being or to promote the interest of the company.
- (27) To draw, make accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Bill of Lading, Warrants, Debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (28) To invest or otherwise deal with the funds of the company and from time to time to vary or realise such investments.
- (29) To amalgate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company.

- (30) To promote any company to acquire the whole or any part of the undertaking assets or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose, which may be deemed desirable in the interest of this company and to subscribe or otherwise acquire underwrite and place or assists in underwriting or placing the whole or part of the shares or securities of such company.
- (31) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in acting as trustees for debentures or debenture stock holders or placing or assisting to place or guarantee the placing of any of the shares in the Company's capital, or any debenture stock or other securities of the company of in or about the information or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business or for guaranteeing payment of such debenture stock and interest.
- (32) To appoint attorneys and agents whether by commission or otherwise and constitute agencies and subagencies of company in India or elsewhere.
- (33) To adopt such means of making known to the public the business of the company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars and by publication of books and periodicals.
- (34) To establish and give effect to any scheme or arrangement for sharing profits with, or giving bonuses to, employees whether involving the issue of shares in the Company or not and generally to remunerate any person for services rendered wholly or partly by shares which may be issued as fully or partly paid up.
- (35) To aid pecuniarily or otherwise, any association, body or movement having for its object the solution, settlement, or surrounding of industrial or labour problems or troubles or the promotion of industry or trade.
- (36) To promote or assist pecuniarily or otherwise, any charitable or useful institution. club, exhibition or object and any institutions, club, or object wholly or partly for the benefit of the employees or ex-employees of the company or their dependent or relations, and to aid or provide for ex-employees and their dependents and relations pecuniarily or otherwise.
- (37) To pay out of the funds of the company the costs and expenses of and incidental to the promotion formation and establishment and registration of the company.
- (38) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or other securities, issued or to be issued by the purchaser, whether a corporate body or not.
- (39) To procure the company to be registered or recognised in any overseas country or place.
- (40) To distribute amongst the members any assets of the company in specie.
- (41) To do all such things as are incidental or conductive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

- (42) To carry on all any of the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all kinds of yarns including hosiery, weaving and hand knitting and industrial yarn made wholly or partly of wool, shoddy, hair silk, cotton natural or other synthetic or man-made fibers.
- (43) To import, export, manufacture, buy, sell and deal in raw and finished cotton, wool, shoddy silk and yarn and all other articles made there from.
- (44) To carry on all or any of the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all kinds of Carpets and carpets tiles including machine-made, hand-made, tufted, needle punched, pressed carpets, bouckleys, cords, druggets and durries, rugs, mattings, carpets tiles and other floor covering materials and all types of soft furnishing materials and all types of soft furnishing materials made wholly or partly of wool, shoddy hair, silk, Jute, hemp, coir, sisal, cotton, natural and other synthetic or manmade fibres.
- (45) To carry on all or any business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all kinds of furnishing fabric materials including curtains, bed-covers, items of bed and Table towels and bath-mats made of wool, shoddy, silk, cotton, jute, hemp, coir, natural or other synthetic or man-made fibres.
- (46) To carry on all or any of the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters wholesalers, retailers in all kinds of fabrics including woven, knitted, pressed blankets, rugs, hosiery made wholly or partly of wool, shoddy, hair silk, cotton, natural or other synthetic or man made fabric.
- (47) To carry on all or any of the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all kinds of agro chemicals related to pesticides and chemicals products for plant growth stimulizers as may be required.
- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- * 5. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 550,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Hundred Fifty Crores Only) divided into 550,00,00,000 (Five Hundred Fifty Crores) Equity Shares of Re. 1/- (Rupee One Only) each with power of the Company to subdivide, consolidate and increase or reduce the capital and to issue any part of its capital, original or increased with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights, or to any conditions or restrictions and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly declare every issue of shares whether declared to be preference or otherwise shall be subject to the power hereinbefore contained.

We the several Persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of the Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite our respective names.

Name, Addresses and Number of Subscribers	Description of shares taken by each Subscriber
Mahadeo Singhi Merchant C/o. Birla Bros. Ltd. 45/47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay	One
Bajrang Birla Merchant C/o. Birla Bros. Ltd. 45/47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay	One
M. H. Vora Merchant C/o. Cottaon Agents Ltd. 45/47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay	One

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1941. Witness to the above signatures : T. S. Gokhale

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BIRLA COTSYN (INDIA) LIMITED

The following regulation comprised in these articles of association were adopted pursuant to members' resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the company held on 30th September, 2015 in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of, earlier regulations comprised in the extant articles of association of the company.

TABLE 'F' EXCLUDED

 (1) The regulations contained in the table marked 'F' in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act.

Table 'F' not to apply

(2) The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance by the members thereto and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the addition to its regulations by resolution as prescribed or permitted by the Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles. Company to be governed by these Articles

Interpretation

- 2. (1) In these Articles ----
 - [a] "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory "Act" modification or re-enactment thereof for time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any previous law, so far as may be applicable.
 - [b] "Articles" means these articles of association of the Articles" Company or as altered from time to time
 - [c] "Beneficial Owner" means the beneficial owner as defined "Beneficial Owner" in clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996
 - [d] "Board of Directors" or "Board", means the collective body of the directors of the Company.

 Board or Board of Directors"
 - [e] "Company" means Birla Cotsyn (India) Limited Company"
 - [f] "Chairperson" includes Chairman "Chairperson"
 - [g] "Depositories Act 1996" shall include any statutory Depositories Act" modification or re-enactment thereof.

Depository"

[h] "Depository" shall mean a Depository as defined under Clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act 1996.

"Members"

[i] "Members" means the duly registered holders, from time to time of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association and the beneficial owner (s) as defined in clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.

"Month"

[j] "Month" means calendar month.

The Office"

[k] "The Office" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

These presents"

[l] "These presents" means these Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time.

"Proxy"

[m] "Proxy" means an instrument whereby any person is authorised to vote for a member at a general meeting on a poll.

"The Register"

[n] "The Register" means the Register of Members, etc to be kept pursuant to Section 88 of the Act.

"Rules"

[o] "Rules" means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.

"Seal"

[p] "Seal" means the common seal of the company.

"Secretary"

[q] "Secretary" means and includes any person appointed as such possessing qualification in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under.

"Securities"

[r] "Securities" means the securities as defined in clause (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956.

Writing"

[s] "Writing" shall include printing and lithography and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

"Number" and "Gender

- (2) Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing the masculine gender shall where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.
- (3) The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof

Expressions in the Articles to bear the same meaning as in the Act

(4) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or Rules, or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force as the case may be.

Share capital and variation of rights

The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is or shall be such Amount of Capital as stated in Clause V of Memorandum of Association of the Company.

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.

Shares under control of Board

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may issue shares in the capital of the Company on payment or part payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than for cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares, as the case may be.

Directors may allot` shares otherwise than for cash

The Company may issue the following kinds of shares in accordance with these Articles, the Act, the Rules and other applicable laws:

Kinds of Share Capital

- (a) Equity share capital:
 - with voting rights; and / or
 - with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the Rules; and
- Preference share capital (b)
- Unclassified share capital
- 7. (1) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month from the date of receipt by the Company of the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide-

Issue of certificate

- One certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
- Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each certificate after the first.
- Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the (2) shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

Certificate to bear seal

In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several (3) persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to

One certificate for shares held jointly

all such holders.

Option to receive share certificate or hold shares with depository 8. A person subscribing to shares offered by the Company shall have the option either to receive certificates for such shares or hold the shares in a dematerialized state with a depository. Where a person opts to hold any share with the depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the share to enable the depository to enter in its record the name of such person as the beneficial owner of that share.

Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed 9. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Board deems adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of fees for each certificate as may be fixed by the Board.

Power to pay commission in connection with securities issued 10. (1) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, to any person in connection with the subscription to its securities, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.

Rate of commission in accordance with Rules

(2) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in the Rules.

Mode of payment of commission

(3) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

Variation of member' rights

11. (1) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing, of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act.

Provisions as to general meetings to apply *mutatis mutandis* to each meeting

(2) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply.

Issue of further shares not to affect rights of existing members 12. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

13. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have the power to issue or re-issue preference shares of one or more classes which are liable to be redeemed, or converted to equity shares, on such terms and conditions and in such manner determined by the Board in accordance with the Act

Power to issue redeemable preference shares

14. (1) The Board or the Company, as the case may be, may, in accordance with the Act and the Rules, issue further shares to-

Further issue of share capital

- (a) Persons who, at the date of offer, are holders of equity shares of the Company; such offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; or
- (b) Employees under any scheme of employees' stock option; or
- (c) Any persons, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above
- (2) A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules.

Mode of further issue of shares

Lien

15. (1) The Company shall have a first and paramount lien-

Company's lien on shares

- (a) On every share (not being a fully paid share), for All monies (whether presently payable or not Called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that Share; and
- (b) On all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing Registered in the name of a member, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company; provided that the Board may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.
- (2) The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends or interest, as the case may be, payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares for any money owing to the Company.

Lien to extend to dividends, etc

(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the Board, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien.

Waiver of lien in case of registration

16. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien: provided that no sale shall be madeAs to enforcing lien by sale

(a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is Presently payable; or (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or to the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency or otherwise.

Validity of sale

17. (1) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

Purchaser to be registered holder

(2) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

Validity of company's receipt

(3) The receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale thereof shall (subject, if necessary, to execution of an instrument of transfer or a transfer by relevant system, as the case may be) constitute a good title to the share and the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the share.

Purchaser not affected

(4) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings with reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale

18. (1) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

Payment of residual money

(2) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

Outsider's lien not to affect Company's lien

19. In exercising its lien, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or unless required by any statute) be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person, whether a creditor of the registered holder or otherwise. The Company's lien shall prevail notwithstanding that it has received notice of any such claim.

Calls on shares

Board may make calls

20. (1) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed time.

Notice of call

(2) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen day's notice specifying the time or time and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time to time and place so specified, the amount called on his shares. (3) The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call in respect of one or more members as the Board may deem appropriate in any circumstances.

Board may extend time for payment

(4) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

Revocation or postponement of call

21. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

Call to take effect from date of resolution

22. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

Liability of joint holders of shares

23. (1) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof (the "due date"), the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the due date to the time of actual payment at such rate as may be fixed by the Board. When interest on call or installment payable

(2) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

Board may waive interest

24. (1) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

Sums deemed to be calls

(2) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Effect of nonpayment of sums

25. The Board -

(a) May, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest

- (b) Upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as may be fixed by the Board. Nothing contained in this clause shall confer on the member (a) any right to participate in profits or(b) any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable by him.
- 26. If by the conditions of allotment of any shares, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, then every such installment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, is or shall be the

registered holder of the share or the legal representative of a deceased registered holder.

Calls on shares of same class to be on uniform basis

27. All calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class.

Explanation: Shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid-up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture.

28. Neither a judgment nor a decree in favor of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.

Transfer of Shares

Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee

- 29. (1) The instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be duly executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
 - (2) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

Board may refuse to register transfer

- 30 The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by the Act decline to register
 - (a) The transfer of a share, not being a fully paid Share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b) Any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien

Board may decline to recognize instrument of transfer

- 31. In case of shares held in physical form, the Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless
 - (a) The instrument of transfer is duly executed and is In the form as prescribed in the rules made the Act;
 - (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may Reasonably require to show the right of the Transfer; and
 - (c) The instrument of transfer is in respect of only One class of shares.
- 32. On giving of previous notice of at least seven days or such lesser period in accordance with the Act and Rules made there under, the registration of transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be closed for more

than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty five days in the aggregate in any year.

Transmission of shares

33. (1) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

Title to shares on death of a member

(2) Nothing in clause (1) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

Estate of deceased member liable

34. (1) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, eitherTransmission clause

- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the share as the Deceased or insolvent member could have Made.
- (2) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

Board's right unaffected

(3) The Company shall be fully indemnified by such person from all liability, if any, by actions taken by the Board to give effect to such registration or transfer.

Indemnity to the company

35. (1) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.

Right to election of holder of share

(2) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.

(3) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member. Limitations applicable to notice

Manner of testifying election

36. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by

Claimant to be entitled to same advantage.

membership in relation to meetings of the Company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Forfeiture of Shares

If call or installment 37. not paid notice must be given

67. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call or any money due in respect of any share, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid or a judgment or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment.

Form of notice

- 38. The notice aforesaid shall:
 - (a) Name a further day (not being earlier than the Expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b) State that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment of shares to be forfeited

39. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Receipt of part amount or grant of indulgence not to affect forfeiture 40. Neither the receipt by the Company for a portion of any money which may from time to time be due from any member in respect of his shares, nor any indulgence that may be granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture in respect of such shares as herein provided. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

Entry of forfeiture in register of members

41. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the defaulting member and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect or any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.

42. The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share.

Effect of forfeiture

43. (1) A forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

Forfeited shares may be sold, etc.

(2) At any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

Cancellation of forfeiture

44. (1) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay, and shall pay, to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.

Members still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture

(2) All such monies payable shall be paid together with interest thereon at such rate as the Board may determine, from the time of forfeiture until payment or realisation. The Board may, if it thinks fit, but without being under any obligation to do so, enforce the payment of the whole or any portion of the monies due, without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or waive payment in whole or in part.

Member still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest

(3) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

Ceaser of liability

45. (1) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;

Certificate of forfeiture

(2) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of: Title of purchaser and transferee of forfeited shares

(3) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and

Transferee to be registered as holder

(4) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

Transferee not affected

Validity of sales

46. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in exercise of the powers hereinabove given, the Board may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute an instrument for transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register of members in respect of the shares sold and after his name has been entered in the register of members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person.

Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares 47. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate(s), if any, originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Board shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate(s) in respect of the said shares to the person(s) entitled thereto.

Surrender of share certificates

48. The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.

Sums deemed to be calls

49. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Alteration of capital

Power to alter share capital

- 50. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may, by ordinary resolution
 - (a) increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount as it thinks expedient:
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares:

Provided that any consolidation in the voting percentage of members shall require applicable approvals under the Act;

- (c) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock; and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (d) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

51. Where shares are converted into stock:

Shares may be converted into stock

(a) The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same Articles under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit;

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

(b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage; Right of stockholders

- (c) such of these Articles of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder"/"member "shall Include "stock" and "stock-holder respectively.
- 52. The Company may, by resolution as prescribed by the Act, reduce in any manner and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules,-

Reduction of capital

- (a) its share capital; and/or
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; and/or
- (c) any securities premium account; and/or
- (d) any other reserve in the nature of share capital.

Joint Holders

53. Where two or more persons are registered as joint holders (not more than three) of any share, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:

Joint-holders

(a) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or installments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share. Liability of Jointholders

(b) On the death of any one or more of such joint-holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the Death of one or more joint-holders

share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

Receipt of one sufficient

(c) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.

Delivery of certificate and giving of notice to first named holder (d) Only the person whose name stands first in the register of members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to the delivery of certificate, if any, relating to such share or to receive notice (which term shall be deemed to include all relevant documents) and any notice served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint-holders.

Vote of jointholders (e) (i) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at a Any meeting either personally or by attorney or by Proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such jointholders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

Executors or administrators as joint holders

(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose(deceased member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint-holders

Provision to apply to Debentures etc.

Provisions relating to shares to apply *mutatis mutandis* to debentures, etc.

54. The provisions of these Articles relating to Lien, Calls, Transfer, Transmission, Forfeiture and joint holders of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Capitalization of profits

Capitalizations

- 55. (1) The Company by ordinary Resolution in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve-
 - (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the Amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) below amongst The members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportion.

The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be Sum how applied (2) applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (3)below, either in or towards:

- (a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
- (b) paying up in full, unissued shares or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid:
- Partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B).
- A securities premium account and a capital redemption (3) reserve account or any other permissible reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;
- The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Article.
- Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have 56. (1) been passed, the Board shall -

Powers of the Board for capitalization

- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the amounts resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or other securities, if any; and
- (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- The Board shall have power-(2)

Board's power to issue fractional certificate/ coupon etc.

- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates/coupons or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares or other securities becoming distributable infractions; and
- (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares or other securities to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profit resolved to be capitalized, of the amount or the amount or any part of the amount remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
- Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

Agreement binding on members

Buy-back of shares

Buy-back of shares

57. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to all applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities

General Meetings

General meetings

- 58. a. The Company shall in each year hold, in addition to any other meetings, a general meeting as its Annual General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder.
 - b. All general meetings other than Annual General Meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.

Powers of Board to call extraordinary general meeting

59. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.

Proceedings at general meeting

Presence of Quorum

60. (1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.

Business confined to election of Chairperson whilst chair vacant

(2) No business shall be discussed or transacted at any general meeting except election of Chairperson whilst the chair is vacant.

Quorum for general meeting

(3) The quorum for a general meeting shall be as provided in the Act.

Chairperson of the meeting

61. The Chairperson of the Company shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the Company.

Directors to elect a Chairperson

62. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Members to elect a Chairperson

63. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Casting vote of Chairperson at general meeting

On any business at any general meeting, in case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or electronically or on a poll, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

Minutes of proceeding of meetings and resolutions passed by postal ballot

65. (1) The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of members or creditors and every resolution passed by postal ballot to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Rules and kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned or passing of resolution by postal ballot entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

(2) There shall not be included in the minutes any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting -

Certain matters not to be included in minutes

- (a) is or could reasonably be regarded, as defamatory of any person; or
- (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceeding; or
- (c) is detrimental to the interests of the company.
- (3) The Chairperson shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in the aforesaid clause
- (4) The minutes of the meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

66. (1) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company or a resolution passed by postal ballot shall:

Inspection of minute books of general meeting

Discretion of chairperson in

Minutes to be

evidence

relation to minutes

- (a) be kept at the registered office of the company; and
- (b) be open to inspection of any member without Charge, during 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. on all working days other than Saturday.
- (2) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within the time prescribed by the Act, after he has made a request in writing in that behalf to the Company and on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Board, with a copy of any minutes referred to in clause (1) above:

Members may obtain copy of minutes

Provided that a member who has made a request for provision of a soft copy of the minutes of any previous general meeting held during the period immediately preceding three financial years, shall be entitled to be furnished with the same free of cost.

The Board, and also any person(s) authorised by it, may take any action before the commencement of any general meeting, or any meeting of a class of members in the Company, which they may think fit to ensure the security of the meeting, the safety of people attending the meeting, and the future orderly conduct of the meeting. Any decision made in good faith under this Article shall be final, and rights to attend and participate in the meeting concerned shall be subject to such decision.

Powers to arrange security at meetings

Adjournment of meeting

Chairperson may adjourn the meeting

68. (1) The Chairperson may, suo motu, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.

Business at adjourned meeting

(2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Notice of adjourned meeting

(3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Notice of adjourned meeting not required

(4) Save as aforesaid, and save as provided in the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Voting rights

Entitlement to vote on show of hands and on poll

- 69. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares -
 - (a) on a show of hands, every member present in Person
 - (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be In proportion to his share in the paid-up equity Share capital of the company.

Voting through electronic means

70. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with the Act and shall vote only once.

Vote of joint-holder

- 71. (1) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
 - (2) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

How members *non* compos mentis and minor may vote

72. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.

Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members, etc.

73. Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall duly satisfy the Board of his right to such shares unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting

in respect thereof.

74. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with, pending the taking of the poll.

Business may proceed pending poll

75. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien. Restriction on voting rights

76. A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting on the ground that he has not held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in the preceding Article.

Restriction on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void

77. Any member, whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company or holding securities of the Company as the beneficial owner in the records of the Depository, shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class.

Equal rights of members

Proxy

78. (1) Any member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may do so either personally or through his constituted attorney or through another person as a proxy on his behalf, for that meeting.

Member may vote in person or otherwise

(2) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-ofattorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. Proxies when to be deposited

79. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules.

Form of proxy

80. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Proxy to be valid not withstanding death of the principal

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Board of Directors

Board of Directors

81.

Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and shall not be more than 15 (Fifteen).

Same individual may be chairperson and managing Director/ Chief executive officer

82.

The same individual may, at the same time, be appointed as the Chairperson of the Company as well as the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Remuneration of directors

83. (1)

them-

The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day

Remuneration to require members consent

The remuneration payable to the directors, including any managing or whole-time director or manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act by passing an ordinary or special resolution in the general meeting, as the case may be.

Travelling and other expenses

(3)In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by

- (a) in attending and returning from meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof of General meetings of the company; or
- (b) in connection with the business of the company.

Execution of negotiable instruments

cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

Appointment of additional directors

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall 85. (1) have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the Articles.
 - Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

Appointment of alternate director

86. (1) The Board may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be

appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.

(2) An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.

Duration of office of alternate director

(3) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.

Re-appointment provisions applicable to original director

87. (1) If the office of any director appointed by the Company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board

Appointment of director to fill a casual vacancy

(2) The director so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

Duration of office of Director appointed to fill casual vacancy

In the event of the Company borrowing any money from any financial institution, a collaborator, bank or person or persons or from any other source ("Lender"), while any money remains due to them or any of them, the lender concerned may have and may exercise the right and power to appoint from time to time, any person to be a director of the Company. Any person, so appointed, may at any time be removed from the office by the lender and the lender may from time of such removal or in case of death or resignation of its nominee, appoint any other or others in his place.

Appointment of Nominee Director

Any such appointment or removal shall be in writing, signed by the lender and served on the Company.

Powers of Board

88. The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the memorandum of association or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and, not hereby or by the statute or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other laws and of the memorandum of association and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the memorandum of association and these Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

General powers of the Company vested in Board

Proceedings of the Board

When meeting to be convened	89.	(1)	The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
Who may summon Board meeting		(2)	The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the Chairperson may, or the company secretary on the direction of the Chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
Quorum for Board meeting		(3)	The quorum for a Board meeting shall be as provided in the Act.
Participation in Board meetings		(4)	The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.
Questions at Board meeting how decided	90.	(1)	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
Casting vote of chairperson at Board meeting		(2)	In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
Directors not to act when number falls below minimum	91.	The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.	
Who to preside at meetings of the Board	92.	(1)	The Chairperson of the Company shall be the Chairperson at meetings of the Board. In his absence, the Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
Directors to elect a Chairperson		(2)	If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
Delegation of powers	93.	(1)	The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit
Committee to conform to Board regulations		(2)	Any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

(3) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Committee may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law. Participation at Committee meeting

94. (1) A Committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings unless the Board, while constituting a Committee, has appointed a Chairperson of such Committee.

Chairperson of Committee

(2) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting. Who to preside at meeting of Committee

95. (1) A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.

Committee to meet

(2) Questions arising at any meeting of a Committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present

Questions at Committee meeting how decided

96. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a Committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or that his or their appointment had terminated, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

Acts of Board or Committee valid not withstanding defect of appointment

97. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed, whether manually or by secure electronic mode, by a majority of the members of the Board or of a Committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or Committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, duly convened and held.

Passing of resolution by circulation

Managing Director and Whole-time Director

98 (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint or re-appoint one or more of their body to be the Managing Director and whole time Director of the Company for such term not exceeding five years and subject to such remuneration, terms and conditions as they may think fit.

Managing Director and Whole-time Director

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon the Managing Director or the whole time Director, for the time being, such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and they may confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors, in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

- (c) The remuneration of the Managing Director/Whole Time Director, shall(subject to Section 197 and other applicable provisions of the Act and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) be fixed by the Directors from time to time and may be by way of fixed salary and/or perquisites or commission on profits of the Company or by participation in such profits, or by fee for such meeting of the Board or by and or all these modes or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act.
- (d) Subject to the provisions of the Act, Managing Director/Whole time Director shall be subject to the same provisions as the resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company if he ceases to hold the office of a Director for any cause whatsoever he shall ipso facto and immediately case to be the Managing/Whole time Director.

Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer, etc.

99. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act,-

A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board; the Board may appoint one or more chief executive officers for its multiple businesses.

Director may be Chief Executive Officer, etc. (b) A director may be appointed as Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer.

Registers

Statutory registers

100. The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers namely, register of charges, register of members, register of debenture holders, register of any other security holders, the register and index of beneficial owners and annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection during 11.00 a.m.

to 1.00 p.m. on all working days, other than Saturdays, at the registered office of the Company or any other place as the Board may decide, if it is allowed under the Act, by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules.

101. (a) The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it Foreign register by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

The foreign register shall be open for inspection and (b) may be closed, and extracts may be taken there from and copies thereof may be required, in the same manner, mutatis mutandis, as is applicable to the register of members.

The Seal

102. (1) The Board shall provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company, and shall have the power from time to time to destroy and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the Board shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal.

The seal, its custody and use Affixation of seal

The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a Committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors or one Director and some other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such directors or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

Dividends and Reserve

103. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in general meeting may declare a lesser dividend

Company in general meeting may declare dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from 104. time to time pay to the members such interim dividends of such amount on such class of shares and at such times as it may think fit.

Interim dividends

105. (1) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applied for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be

Dividends only to be paid out of profits

employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

Carry forward of profits

(2) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Division of profits

106.

(1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.

Payments in advance

(2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid on the share.

Dividends to be apportioned

(3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the company and company's right to reimbursement there from

107. (1) The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company

Retention of dividends

(2) The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the Transmission Clause hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a member, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares.

Dividend how remitted

108.

(1) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.

Instrument of payment

(2) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

(3) Payment in any way whatsoever shall be made at the risk of the person entitled to the money paid or to be paid. The Company will not be responsible for a payment which is lost or delayed. The Company will be deemed to having made a payment and received a good discharge for it if a payment using any of the foregoing permissible means is made.

Discharge to company

109. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

Receipt of one holder sufficient

110. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

No interest on dividends

111. The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Board.

Waiver of dividends

Accounts

112. (1) The books of account and books and papers of the Company or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules.

Inspection by Directors

(2) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any books of account or books and papers or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board.

Restriction on inspection by members

Winding up

113. Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under -

Winding up of company

- (a) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
- (b) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (c) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be

compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

Indemnity and Insurance

Directors and officers right to indemnity

114. Subject to the provisions of the Act, every director, managing director, whole-time director, manager, company secretary and other officer of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, losses and expenses (including travelling expense) which such director, manager, company secretary and officer may incur or become liable for by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him in his capacity as such director, manager, company secretary or officer or in any way in the discharge of his duties in such capacity including expenses.

Subject as aforesaid, every director, managing director, manager, company secretary or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under applicable provisions of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court.

The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former directors and key managerial personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.

General Power

General power

115.

Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its articles, then and in that case this Article authorizes and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry out such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided

Secrecy Clause

Secrecy Clause

116. (a)

Every Director, Manager, auditor, treasurer, trustee, member of a committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or other employed in the business of the Company shall, If so required by the Directors, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of duties except when required so to do by

the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

(b) No Member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature secret, mystery of trade, secret process, or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose. We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names

Sr. No.	Name, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of shares taken by each subscribers
1	2	4
1.	Mahadeo Singhi Merchant C/o. Birla Bros Ltd. 45 / 47, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY	One
2.	Bajrang Birla Merchant C/o. Birla Bros Ltd. 45 / 47, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY	One
3.	M . H. Vora Merchant C/o. Cotton Agents Ltd. 45 / 47, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY	One

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1941

Witness to the above signatures : T. S. Gokhale